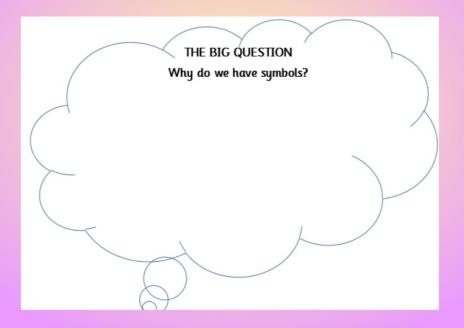
Engage (max 5 mins)

What is our big question this half term? What did you write as your answer?



WALT: identify religious symbols.

Success criteria:

- * I know what a symbol is.
- * I can recognise the symbols of the 7 religions we learn about at Dobcroft Infant School.
- * To explain what some of the symbols represent.

Deepening: I can discuss the similarities and differences of the religious symbols.

Key Word

Islam Hinduism Buddhism Sikhism Humanism Judaism Christianity symbols

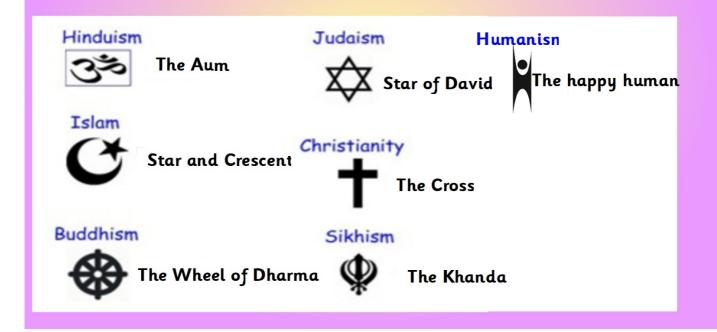


What is a symbol?

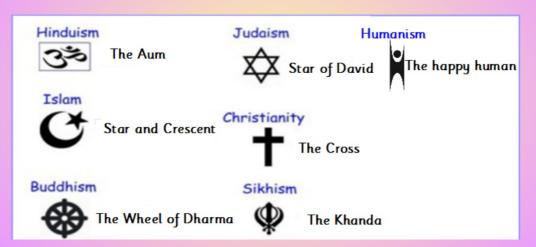
An object or image that represents something.



What religion do these symbols represent?



Using your Year 1 knowledge and from the Autumn team, what do you remember about any of the 7 religions we learn about?





Lets look at the symbols in more detail

Islan

Symbol: Star and Crescent

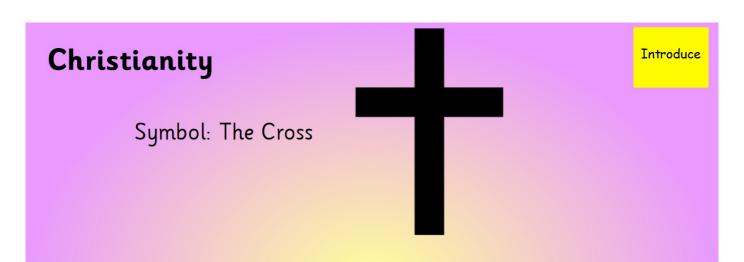


This symbol can be found on Mosques and National flags of many muslim majority countries such as the flag of Turkey and Pakistan.









The Cross represents Jesus' death because he died on a cross. The symbol can be found on Church windows.



Hinduism

Introduce

Symbol: The Aum



Om (also spelled Aum), is **the most sacred symbol in Hinduism**. In Hinduism, Om is like calling god's name towards you. This name is generally said three times, before chanting any prayers. Om is usually related to the Hindu God Shiva, who is the destroyer god.

Buddhism

Symbol: The Wheel of Dharma



Introduce

Buddha once made a speech to his followers, which he proclaimed the 8 noble truths and showed this in the Dharma wheel. This wheel is the symbol of Buddhism and represents Buddha's ideas.



How many noble truths do you remember?

Buddha's 8 noble truths

- Right View. The right way to think about life is to see the world through the eyes of the Buddha--with wisdom and compassion.
- 2. Right Thought. Clear and kind thoughts make good people.
- 3. Right Speech. By speaking kind and helpful words, we are respected and trusted by everyone.
- Right Conduct. Before we criticize others, we should first look at what we do ourselves.
- 5. Right Livelihood. This means choosing a job in life that does not hurt others.
- **6. Right Effort.** This means not wasting effort on things that hurts ourselves and others.
- 7. Right Mindfulness. This means being aware of our thoughts, words, and deeds.
- 8. Right Meditation. Focus on one thought or object at a time and we can be quiet and attain true peace of mind.

Introduce

Sikhism

Symbol: The Khanda



What does khanda mean?

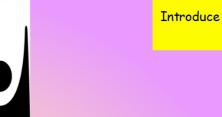
The circle in the middle is called the Chakkar and represents the eternal love and nature of God. The middle sword is called a
Khanda and is doubled edged.
This unites the two other swords
and reminds Sikhs that there is
one God.

The left hand sword is called Miri and reminds Sikhs that they must fight for what is right in the world.

The right hand sword is called Piri and represents spirituality.

Humanism

Symbol: The Happy Human



The Happy Human is an icon that has been adopted as an **international symbol of secular humanism**. Created by Dennis Barrington, the figure was the winning design in a competition arranged by Humanists UK (formerly the British Humanist Association) in 1965.

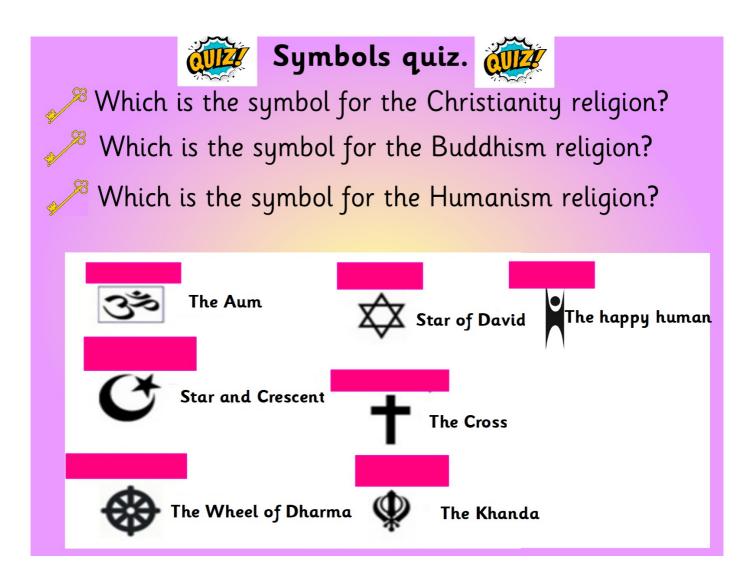
Judaism

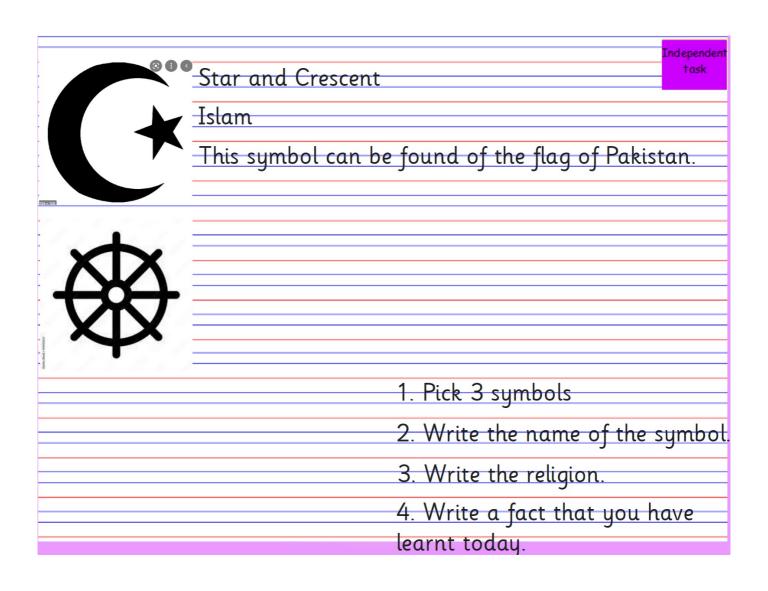
Symbol: The Star of David



This is the 6 pointed star. It can be seen on the flag of Israel. It is also known as Magen David (Shield of David), signifying **God** as the protector of David







Reflection

What are the similiarities and differences of these different religions?

