



Year Group: 1	TERM: Spring 2		Theme: Using symbols to represent sounds
National Curriculum (KS1): Children should be taught to: • use their voices expressively and creatively by singing : • play tuned and untuned instruments musically • listen with concentration and understanding to a rang • experiment with, create, select and combine sounds us	e of high-quality live ar	nd recorded music	
Context: In this unit, pupils will create their own sequence of sounds, using symbols to represent pitch, pulse, rhythm, tempo and dynamics. Pupils will then play these sequences of sounds on glockenspiels, performing for the class. Pupils will listen to a range of musical pieces during these lessons, identifying the interrelated dimensions of music that they have already learned: pitch, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo.	Concepts: • Sequence • Pulse • Rhythm • Pitch • Tempo		 Vocabulary: Pulse – the regular heartbeat of the music; its steady beat. Rhythm – long and short sounds or patterns that happen over the pulse. Pitch – high and low sounds. Tempo – the speed of the music; fast or slow or in-between. Symbol – a small picture Sequence – a series of sounds
Prior Knowledge: Pupils have listened to songs from different genres, e.g. rap, with different pitch, tempo, rhythm patterns and have practised clapping/ swaying or singing along with this. Pupils have discussed what they can hear in a song, e.g. fast tempo, high/ low pitch. Pupils have used glockenspiels to tap alongside a the pulse or rhythm pattern in a song. Pupils have discussed how to create high or low sounds with their voices or on a glockenspiel.		rhythm of a son Pupils will be at on a glockenspi Pupils will be at	e symbols to represent the pitch, pulse, tempo and g of their own creation ble to use these symbols to play a sequence of sounds el ble to perform their sequence of sounds to the class ble to play each other's sequences of sounds
End points /by the end of this unit pupils will - Recall and demonstrate understanding of beat/ pulse, tempore - Demonstrate pitch (high or low notes on glockenspiel). - Demonstrate tempo (fast or slow notes on glockenspiel). - Create their own sequence of sounds by drawing symbols to - Play their own sequence of sounds on a glockenspiel (4 not - Play their partners' sequence of sounds on a glockenspiel.	o represent beat/ pulse,		4 notes for each).

		Lesson Number 1
Key learning: to introduce ymbols that can represent pulse/ beat, pitch, tempo	Concepts: Composing	Engage: Listen and appraise: <u>https://youtu.be/SUOTq_xGWpE?si=q-MzvwKVbpJVFCLu</u> Kathleen Battle & Wynton Marsalis - Baroque Duet - Let the Bright Seraphim Questions to ask:
 J can recall the meaning of pulse/ beat, pitch, tempo, rhythm in songs J can discuss symbols that could represent these parts of songs 	Suggested resources: - Charanga: In the Groove unit - step 2 (listen and appraise) - Pencils - Individual music book	Questions to ask: Do you like this song? What can you hear in this piece of music? What is the style of this piece of music? How has this piece of music been put together? (structure) What is the pitch of this piece of music? What is the tempo of the instrumental verse? Introduction: Move to Music – https://denverphilharmonic.org/draw-what-you-hear/ Draw lines/ dots in response to sounds – pause for each song Think about how fast or slow the tempo is Quick quiz – recall pulse/ beat, pitch, tempo, rhythm definitions Direct teaching: Today we are creating our own sequence of sounds Recap: what does sequence mean? Questions to ask: How could I draw a sound that is high/ low? How could I draw a sequence of sounds that are fast/ slow? Activity: Chn to discuss with partners how they could represent sounds for: pulse/ beat, pitch, rhythm, tempo. Ideas to be shared on the board – save for next lesson. Example: Tempo Pitch Loud/ quiet

		Lesson Number 2
Key learning: to listen to music and create symbols to represent the pulse/ beat	Concepts: Composing	Engage: Listen and appraise: https://youtu.be/CN5hQOI 10?si=DyZK0FKri3Z9yr-c Living La Vida Loca – Ricky Martin Questions to ask: - Do you like this song? - What can you hear in this piece of music? - What is the style of this piece of music? - How has this piece of music been put together? (structure)
Success Criteria: - I understand what pulse/ beat means - I can discuss symbols that I will use for my sequence of sounds	Suggested resources: Charanga: In the Groove step 3 (listen and appraise) Music book Piece of music (Charanga songs already learned)	 What is the pitch of this piece of music? What is the tempo of this piece of music? Warm up: Focus on pulse/ beat: https://www.daspmusic.co.uk/ks1-resources.html Go through each song and clap/ tap along with beat/ pulse. Introduction: Recap symbols discussed last lesson Listen to 'Blinded by your Grace' by Stormzy https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YsxBrb_uXNg (slow pulse) Teacher to model drawing symbols to represent the pulse/ beat, e.g. it could be 4 dots for 4 beats spaced far apart if slow, closer if fast. Listen to 'Train song' (fast pulse) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sUtnBHqrXd8 Direct teaching:
Vocabularu: pulse/ beat. sum		 T to model playing this sequence on glockenspiel – this is what pupils will do next lesson. Questions to ask: TTYP: what symbols will you use to create a sequence of sounds – is this the same or different to your teacher? Activity: Listen to different songs and draw pulse/beat symbols in individual music book Pupils to draw own pulse/ beat sequence (to be used next lesson)
Vocabulary: pulse/ beat, sym	ibols, sequence	

		Lesson Number 3
Key learning: to use symbols to play a sequence of sounds on a tuned instrument Context: pulse/ beat	Concepts: Composing	Engage: Listen and appraise: https://youtu.be/uinBpHT-AxM?si=eZEzf5BOebIv5F7N AR Rahman - Jai Ho Questions to ask: - Do you like this song? - What can you hear in this piece of music? - What is the style of this piece of music? - How has this piece of music been put together? (structure) - What is the pitch of this piece of music? - What is the tempo of this piece of music? Warm up: Recap songs learned last week. Focus on pulse/ beat: https://www.daspmusic.co.uk/ks1-resources.html Go through each song and clap/ tap along with beat/ pulse.
 Success Criteria: I can recall what pulse means I can recognise different pulses in songs. I can create a sequence of symbols to create sounds on a glockenspiel. I can use symbols to play a sequence of sounds on a glockenspiel. 	Suggested resources: Charanga: In the groove - Step 4 – listen and appraise Music book Pencils Glockenspiels	 Introduction: Recap discussions from previous lesson Recap how to play glockenspiel – e.g. which side is high or low sounds Direct teaching: Pupils have own music book to draw symbols for pulse/ beat sequence Explain the pupils will be creating their own symbols to a create their own song This song could tell a story (e.g. walking through the woods/ an Arctic expedition/ The Great Fire of London. Questions to ask: Is your pulse/ beat sequence going to include high or low sounds? Is your pulse/ beat sequence going to include fast or slow sounds? Activity: Pupils will take turns to play their pulse/ beat sequence (from last lesson) on a glockenspiel. Pupils only need to focus on keeping a steady beat in this lesson. Partners to listen to partner's sequence. Discuss a story they have created.
Vocabulary: pulse, beat, symbols	, sequence	

		Lesson Number 4
Key learning: to draw symbols to create a sequence of sounds Context: pitch	Concepts: Composing	Engage: Listen and appraise: https://youtu.be/ka6nhNHEiBE?si=y3zNFbjWX_JYnfb0 Lord Of The Dance by Ronan Hardiman Questions to ask: - Do you like this song? - What can you hear in this piece of music? - What is the style of this piece of music? - How has this piece of music been put together? (structure) - What is the pitch of this piece of music? - What is the tempo of this piece of music? - What is the tempo of this piece of music? Warm up/ engage: Teacher to play piece of music/ sequence of notes on glockenspiel. Pupils to point up or down when they hear high or low sounds. Introduction: Focus on pitch songs – choose 1 or 2: https://www.daspmusic.co.uk/ks1-resources.html
 Success Criteria: I understand the difference between high and low sounds I understand what pitch means I can use symbols to represent a sequence of sounds that are high or low in pitch I can play a sequence of sounds on a glockenspiel 	Suggested resources: Charanga: In the Groove: Step 5 – listen and appraise Music book Pencils	 We are going to draw symbols to show the pitch of sounds. Direct teaching: Pupils are going to use the same number of sounds in previous pulse/beat sequence but are now going to show high and low. Teacher to model this e.g: Last lesson I had 4 beats – beat 1 is low, beat 2 is low, beat 3 is high, beat 4 is high. Teacher to draw this on paper – e.g. use arrows up or down, or draw dots higher/ lower on page. Teacher to play this on glockenspiel. Questions to ask: How could you show a high pitch sound? How could you show a low pitch sound? Activity: Pupils draw symbols to represent high and low notes, e.g. arrows pointing up or down, dots higher or lower on page. Play these sounds on glockenspiel. What would you do differently next time? What would you keep the same?
Vocabulary: pitch, high, low, glo	ckenspiels	

		Lesson Number 5
Key learning: to draw symbols to create a sequence of sounds Context: tempo	Concepts: Composing	Engage: Listen and appraise: https://youtu.be/hfj8zxGos10?si=rdm4PWunhzypsqYn Digging on James Brown by Tower of Power Questions to ask: - Do you like this song? - What can you hear in this piece of music? - What is the style of this piece of music? - How has this piece of music been put together? (structure) - What is the pitch of this piece of music? - What is the pitch of this piece of music? - What is the tempo of this piece of music?
 Success Criteria: I understand what tempo means I understand the difference between fast and slow sounds I can use symbols to play a sequence of sounds on a glockenspiel I can listen to my partner's sequence of sounds. 	Suggested resources: Charanga: In the Groove - step 6 Music book Pencils Glockenspiels	 Focus on tempo: https://youtu.be/EdgA1SMnXWc Listen to La Bamba (fast tempo) https://youtu.be/Coy8Hoa1DNw?si=dPAMjva_5U476bdP and Taylor Swift – August https://youtu.be/nn_02PAfyo8?si=HI4BDoCTKgDC00YT Introduction: Teacher to model playing fast and slow sounds on glockenspiel. Teacher to model drawing fast and slow sounds on board or piece of paper – closer together to show fast, further apart to show slow sounds. Teacher to model creating slow sounds by hitting harder, fast sounds by hitting lightly. Teacher then to play this on glockenspiel. We are going to draw symbols to show the tempo of sounds. Pupils to draw symbols to show fast and slow sequences of sounds. Pupils to practise playing their sequence of sounds on glockenspiel. Direct teaching: Symbols can be close together to show a fast tempo. Symbols can be further apart to show a slow tempo. Questions to ask: How do fast sounds make you feel? How do slow sounds make you feel? Chn to play glockenspiel using symbols.
Vocabulary: tempo, fast, slow, gl	ockenspiels	·

Key learning: To create a	Concepts:	Engage:
sequence of sounds, using	Composing	Listen and appraise: <u>https://youtu.be/3GwjfUFyY6M?si=lqOun4HtCLJhLfV-</u>
symbols to represent beat/ pulse,	1 5	Kool and the Gang - Celebration
pitch, tempo and perform to the		Questions to ask:
class		- Do you like this song?
		- What can you hear in this piece of music?
		- What is the style of this piece of music?
		- How has this piece of music been put together? (structure)
	- What is the pitch of this piece of music?	
		- What is the tempo of this piece of music?
		Warm up/ engage:
Success Criteria:	Suggested	Chn to look at symbols created in previous lesson.
- I can play a sequence of	resources:	Recap vocab:
sounds using symbols I have	Charanga: In	Pitch – high or low
created	the Groove:	Tempo – fast or slow
 I can make a change in the pitch, tempo in a sequence of 	step 6 Glockenspiels	
sounds	Music book	Introduction:
- I can perform my sequence	Symbols	Pupils are to make a change if wanted to tempo, pitch or both (challenge).
of sounds to my partner or	created in	Questions to ask:
the class	previous	- What change could you make to the pitch or tempo of your sequence of sounds?
	lessons	- Are you going to keep your sequence the same?
		- Are you going to keep your sequence the same:
		Direct teaching:
		Teacher model playing glockenspiel while looking at symbols.
		Pupils to create own sequence of sounds with change or use sequence they created in previous lessons.
		Pupils to practise playing sequence of sounds on glockenspiel in partners/ or small groups.
		Pupils to listen to their partner's performance.
		Some pupils to perform for the class.